Artificial Intelligence

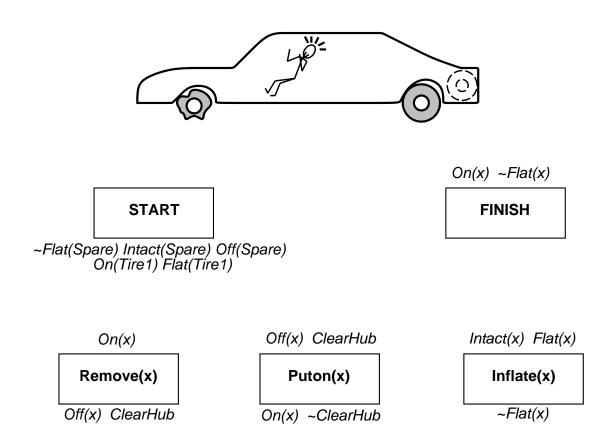
Topic 10

Planning and Acting

- ♦ The real world
- ♦ Conditional planning
- ♦ Monitoring and replanning
- ♦ Integrated planning and acting

Reading: Russell & Norvig, Chapter 13

1. The real world



1.1 Incomplete/incorrect information

Incomplete information

- Unknown preconditions, e.g., Intact(Spare)?
- Disjunctive effects, e.g., Inflate(x) causes Inflated(x) or SlowHiss(x) or Burst(x) or BrokenPump or . . .

Incorrect information

- Current state incorrect, e.g., spare NOT intact
- Missing/incorrect postconditions in operators

"Qualification problem"

⇒ can never finish listing all the required preconditions and possible conditional outcomes of actions

Conditional planning

- ullet Plan to obtain information \Rightarrow observation actions
- Subplan for each contingency, e.g.,

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[Check(Tire1), If (Intact(Tire1), [Inflate(Tire1)], [CallRAC])]
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⇒ Expensive because it plans for many unlikely cases

Monitoring/Replanning

- \Rightarrow Unanticipated outcomes may lead to failure (e.g., no RAC card)
 - Assume normal states, outcomes
 - Check progress during execution, replan if necessary

In general, some monitoring is unavoidable

2. Conditional planning

$$[\ldots, \mathbf{lf}(p, [then \, plan], [else \, plan]), \ldots]$$

Execution:

check p against current KB, execute "then" or "else"

Conditional planning: just like POP except

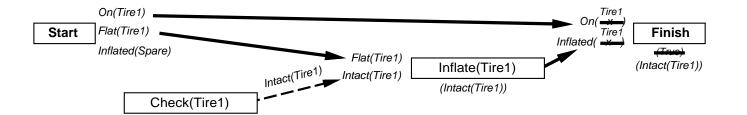
- if an open condition can be established by observation action
 - add the action to the plan
 - complete plan for each possible observation outcome
 - insert conditional step with these subplans

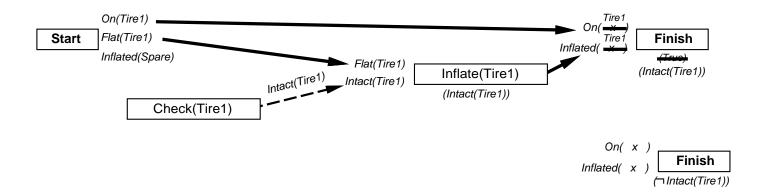
CheckTire(x)

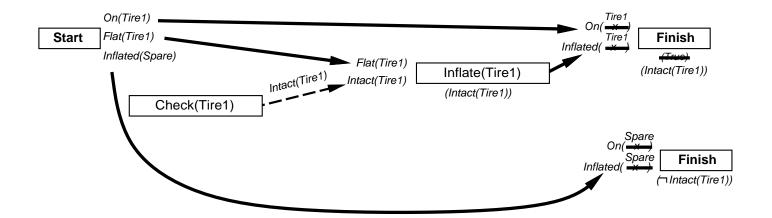
KnowsIf(Intact(x))

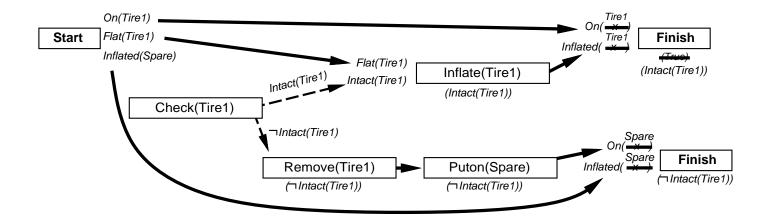
 $\begin{array}{c|c} \text{On(Tire1)} & \text{On(} \times \text{)} \\ \hline \textbf{Start} & \text{Flat(Tire1)} & \text{Inflated(} \times \text{)} \\ \hline & \text{Inflated(Spare)} & \text{Inflated(} \times \text{)} \\ \hline \end{array}$











3. Monitoring

Execution monitoring

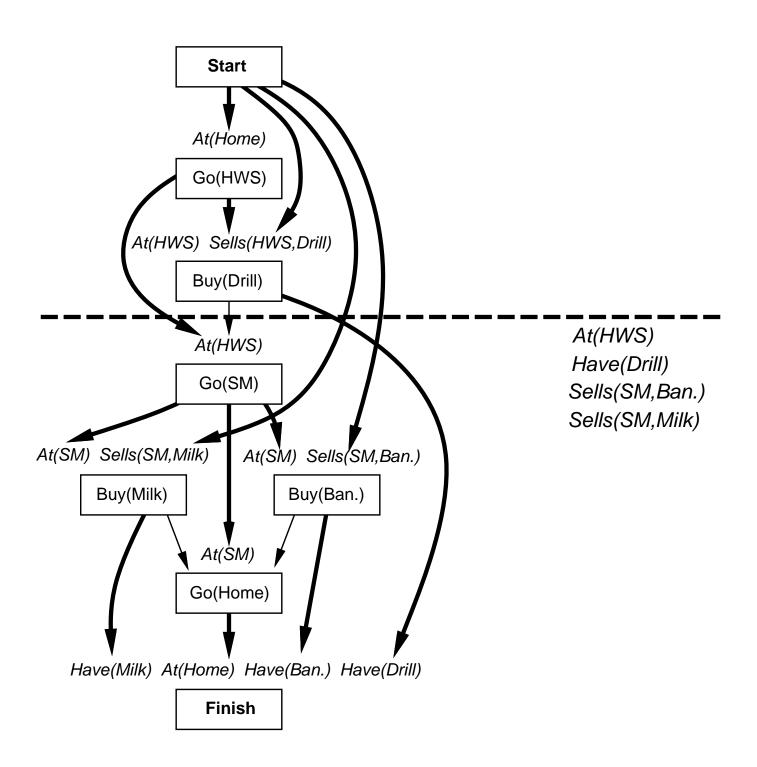
- "failure" = preconditions of remaining plan not met
- preconditions = <u>causal links at current time</u>

Action monitoring

• "failure" = preconditions of *next action* not met (or action itself fails, e.g., robot bump sensor)

In both cases, need to replan

3.1 Preconditions for remaining plan

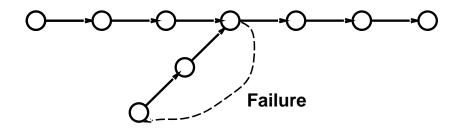


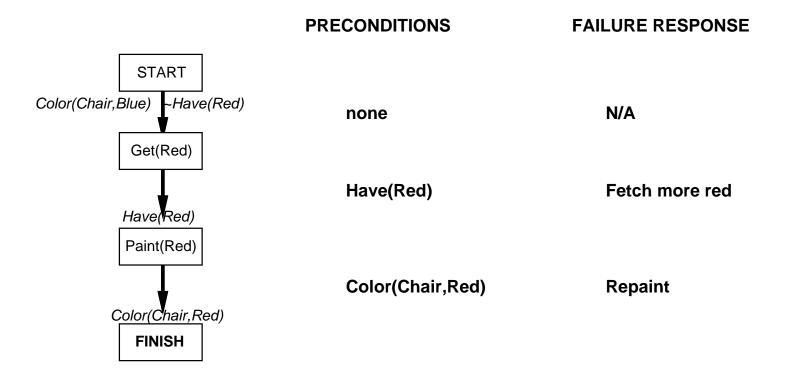
3.2 Replanning

Simplest: on failure, replan from scratch

Better (but harder): plan to get back on track by reconnecting to best continuation

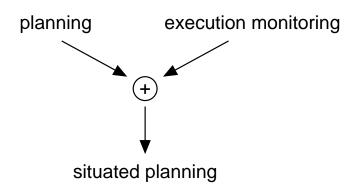
⇒ "loop until done" behavior (with no explicit loop)





4. Fully Integrated Planning and Acting

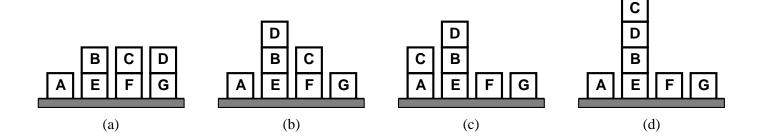
Instead of planning and execution monitoring as separate processes...



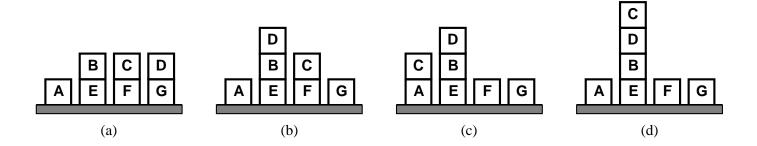
situated planning agent

- always "part of the way" through a plan
- activities include
 - execute a plan step
 - monitor the world
 - fix deficiencies in plan (open conditions, clobbering, etc)
 - refine plan in light of new information (execution errors, actions by other agents, etc)

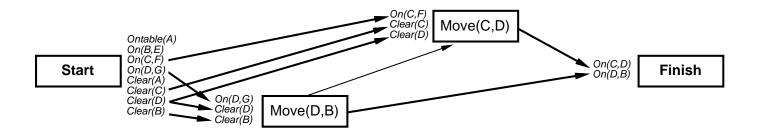
Agent wishes to achieve goal state On(C,D), On(D,B)

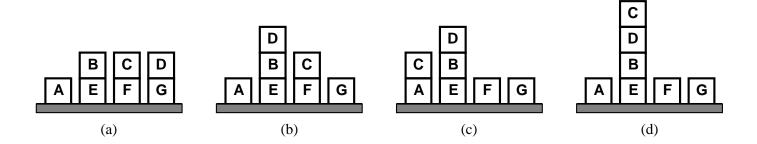


- (a) start state
- (b) another agent has put D on B
- (c) our agent has executed *Move*(*C*,*D*) but failed, dropping C on A
- (d) goal state achieved

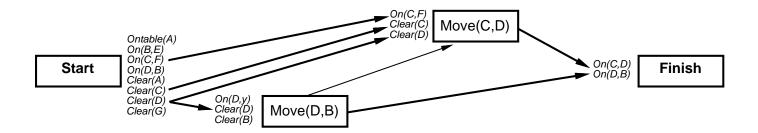


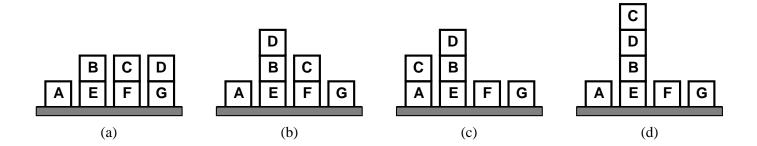
Initial plan (a).



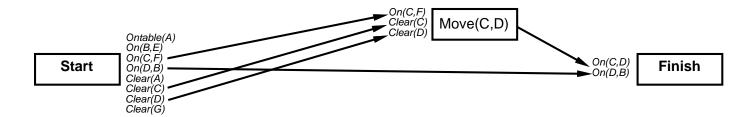


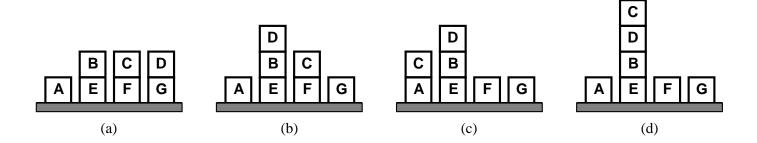
External agent changes environment (b).





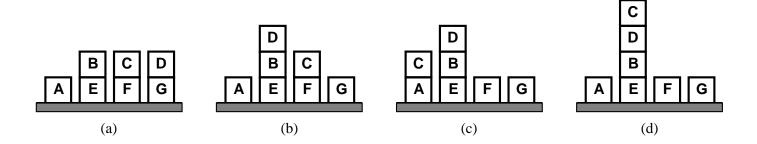
Redundant action removed.



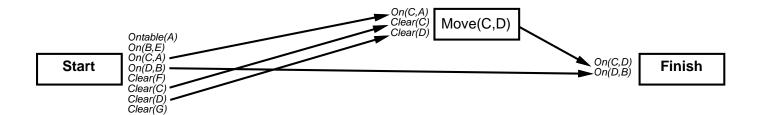


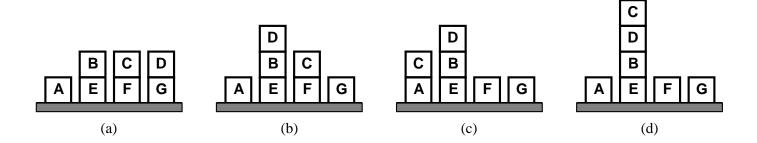
Move executed...



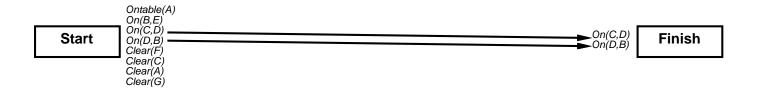


...but failed (c). Replan.





Move executed and succeeded (d).



The End